



LUMINAMETALS

INVESTOR PRESENTATION — JULY 2026

POLAND'S COPPER, EUROPE'S FUTURE.



Forward-Looking Statements

This presentation contains “forward-looking statements” within the meaning of U.S. securities legislation and “forward-looking information” within the meaning of applicable Canadian securities legislation. Such forward-looking statements and information herein include, but are not limited to, statements regarding economic forecasts at the Company’s mineral properties, including estimated NPV, IRR and EBITDA; forecasted capital costs at the Company’s properties; mineral resource estimates; production estimates; mine life; exploration, development and production at the Company’s mineral properties; forecasted copper, copper equivalent and silver production; expected cash flows; drilling programs; strategic plans; exploration and development objectives; permitting and regulatory processes and related timing; and potential production at the Company’s mineral properties including related costs.

These forward-looking statements reflect the Company’s current beliefs and are based on information currently available to the Company and assumptions the Company believes are reasonable. The Company does not intend to and does not assume any obligation to update forward-looking statements or information other than as required by applicable law.

The Company has made various assumptions, including, among others, that: the historical information related to the Company’s properties is reliable; the Company’s operations are not disrupted or delayed by unusual geological or technical problems; the Company has the ability to explore and develop the Company’s properties; the Company will be able to raise any necessary additional capital on reasonable terms to execute its business plan; the Company’s current corporate activities will proceed as expected; general business and economic conditions will not change in a material adverse manner; permitting and regulatory approvals will be obtained; and budgeted costs and expenditures are and will continue to be accurate.

Actual results and developments may differ materially from results and developments discussed in the forward-looking statements as they are subject to a number of significant risks and uncertainties, including: public health threats; fluctuations in metals prices, price of consumed commodities and currency markets; future profitability of mining operations; changes to the taxation regime in Poland; access to personnel; results of exploration and development activities, accuracy of technical information; risks related to ownership of properties; risks related to mining operations, including risks related to mining at depth; risks related to mineral resource figures being estimates based on interpretations and assumptions which may result in less mineral production under actual conditions than is currently anticipated; the interpretation of drilling results and other geological data; receipt, maintenance and security of permits and mineral property titles; environmental and other regulatory risks; changes in operating expenses; changes in general market and industry conditions; changes in legal or regulatory requirements; and other risk factors set out in this presentation. Although the Company has attempted to identify significant risks and uncertainties that could cause actual results to differ materially, there may be other risks that cause results not to be as anticipated, estimated or intended. Certain of these risks and uncertainties are beyond the Company’s control. Consequently, all of the forward-looking statements are qualified by these cautionary statements, and there can be no assurances that the actual results or developments will be realized or, even if substantially realized, that they will have the expected consequences or benefits to, or effect on, the Company.

Certain forward-looking statements and information in this presentation may be considered “financial outlook” within the meaning of applicable Canadian securities legislation. Financial outlook is presented in this presentation for the purpose of assisting investors and others in understanding certain key elements of the Company’s financial results and business plan and in obtaining a better understanding of the Company’s anticipated operating environment. Readers are cautioned that such financial outlook may not be appropriate for other purposes.

Technical Information

Certain technical information contained in this presentation is based upon disclosure prepared by Liz de Klerk, Pri.Sci.Nat., QMR, Dr. Ryan Langdon, Ph.D, Cgeol, Richard Gowans, P.Eng, Garth Liukko, P.Eng, FSAIMM, Ben Cottrell, P.Eng, Alex Zaitchenko, P.Eng, Peter Stevens, Cgeol, Justin Taylor, P.Eng, Becky Humphrey, CEnv, MIMMM, and Christopher Jacobs, CEng., MIMMM, in the amended and restated technical report entitled “NI 43-101 Preliminary Economic Assessment (PEA) Technical Report on the Nowa Sól Copper-Silver Project, Nowa Sól County, Lubuskie Province, Poland” with an effective date of January 9, 2026, which is filed on the Company’s SEDAR+ profile. The remaining technical information contained in this presentation has been reviewed and approved by Leo Hathaway, a qualified person under NI 43-101. Mr. Hathaway is the Senior Vice President, Exploration of the Company. Certain disclosure herein includes the results of an economic analysis of mineral resources.

Mineral resources are not mineral reserves and do not have demonstrated economic viability. The PEA is preliminary in nature. It includes inferred resources that are considered too speculative geologically to have the economic considerations applied to them that would enable them to be categorized as mineral reserves, and there is no certainty that the PEA would be realized.

Non-GAAP Financial Measures

The Corporation has included certain performance measures (“Non-GAAP Financial Measures”) that are not defined under International Financial Reporting Standards (“IFRS”) including: all-in sustaining costs (“AISC”), EBITDA, Capital Intensity, Annual Pre-Tax Free Cash Flow and Annual Post-Tax Free Cash Flow. The Company believes that these Non-GAAP Financial Measures, in addition to conventional measures prepared in accordance with IFRS, provide readers an improved ability to evaluate the underlying performance of the Company. The Non-GAAP Financial Measures are intended to provide additional information and should not be considered in isolation or as a substitute for measures of performance prepared in accordance with IFRS as an indicator of performance. The Non-GAAP Financial Measures do not have any standardized meaning prescribed under IFRS, and therefore may not be comparable to other issuers with similar descriptions.

Market and Industry Data

Market and industry data contained in this presentation have been obtained from third-party sources, industry publications and reports, websites and other publicly available information.

We believe that the market and economic data presented throughout this presentation is accurate but we cannot offer any assurance as to the accuracy or completeness thereof. The accuracy and completeness of the market and economic data presented throughout this presentation are not guaranteed and we make no representation as to the accuracy of such data. Although we believe it to be reliable, we have not independently verified any of the data from third-party sources referred to in this presentation, or analyzed or verified the underlying market, economic and other assumptions relied upon by such sources.

Comparable Companies

Any comparables used in this presentation outline certain public companies (the “Comparables”). The Comparables are considered to be an appropriate basis for comparison with the Company based on their similar size, industry, focus and additional criteria. The information relating to the Comparables has been obtained or derived from public sources. The Company and the Underwriters have relied upon and have not attempted to verify the completeness, accuracy and fair presentation of such information. If the Comparables contain a misrepresentation, investors do not have a remedy under securities legislation in any province or territory of Canada. Investors are cautioned that there are risks inherent in making an investment decision based on the Comparables, that past and estimated performance is not indicative of future performance, and that the performance of the Company may materially differ from that of the Comparables. Accordingly, an investment decision should not be made in reliance on the Comparables.

Currency

All figures in US\$ unless otherwise stated.

3 Multi-Generational Discoveries Over 15 Years In Poland



History

- In 2011, Lumina launched the largest privately-funded exploration project in Poland since the 1950s
- Initial discovery in 2014: 51,000m of drilling, >US\$125M spent
- Among the largest discoveries of the last 2 decades worldwide, and the largest in Europe since the 1950s⁽²⁾
- Recently announced LOI with KGHM for strategic cooperation

NOWA SÓL ⁽¹⁾					
	Tonnage (Mt)	Cu (%)	Ag (g/t)	Cu (Mt)	Ag (Moz)
Measured & Indicated	604	1.24%	38.3	7.5	743
Inferred	112	1.08%	28.9	1.2	104
SULMIERZYCE ⁽¹⁾					
Inferred	308	2.09%	31.9	6.4	315
MOZÓW					
Historical Resource Inventory					



Source: Capital IQ, NI 43-101 Technical Report, Prospectus

(1) Detailed breakdown of Mineral Resources and relevant assumptions are available on page 29 - 30

(2) <https://www.spglobal.com/market-intelligence/en/news-insights/research/major-copper-discoveries>

Investment Highlights



LARGE SCALE

- Discovery of 3 large sediment-hosted copper-silver deposits in Western Poland
- Nowa Sól ranks amongst the largest undeveloped copper and silver projects globally, with year 1-10 forecasted average annual production of 290Kt Cu and 28Moz Ag respectively

HIGH GRADE

- Nowa Sól Measured and Indicated Resource⁽¹⁾: 604Mt at 1.24% Cu and 38.29 g/t Ag
- Nowa Sól Inferred Resource⁽¹⁾: 112Mt at 1.08% Cu and 28.91 g/t Ag

EXCELLENT LOCATION

- 25km from KGHM's smelter with access to skilled labor, highways, rail and power infrastructure
- Letter of Intent with KGHM for strategic cooperation and concentrate supply

STRONG PEA ECONOMICS

- US\$8.3B NPV_{7%} and 20.5% IRR pre-tax⁽²⁾; US\$1.6B NPV_{7%} and 10.8% IRR post-tax⁽²⁾
- Modular development with optionality to build multiple independent shaft complexes

PROVEN TRACK RECORD

- Lumina Group has 20-year track record discovering and developing resource assets globally
- Invested >US\$125M since commencing operations in Poland in 2011

Source: See "Technical Information" on Slide 2. The results of the PEA are preliminary in nature. The analyses are derived, in part, from inferred mineral resources that are considered too speculative to have the economic considerations applied to them that would enable them to be categorized as mineral reserves, and there is no certainty that the PEA will be realized. Detailed breakdown of Mineral Resources and relevant assumptions are available on page 29 – 30

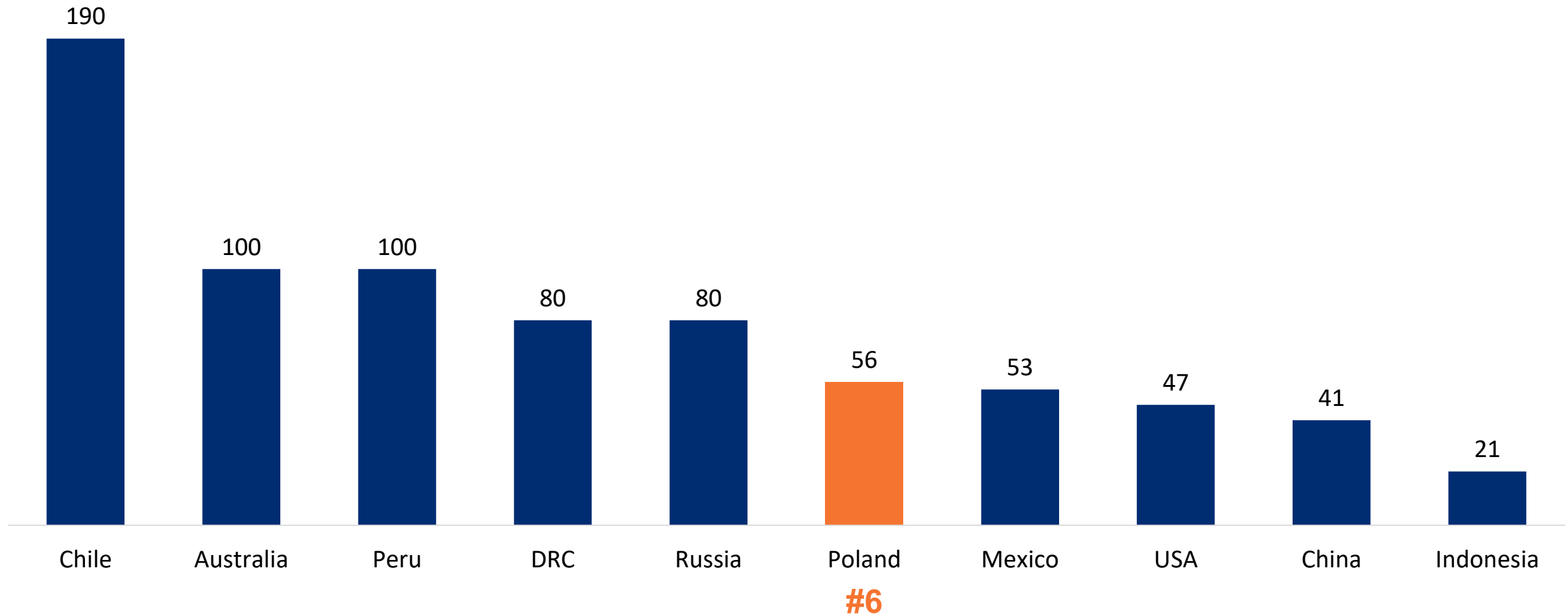
(1) Detailed breakdown of Mineral Resources and relevant assumptions are available on page 29 - 30

(2) Calculated using metal prices of US\$4.75/lb Cu and US\$37.50/oz Ag

Where Does Poland Rank In Copper?



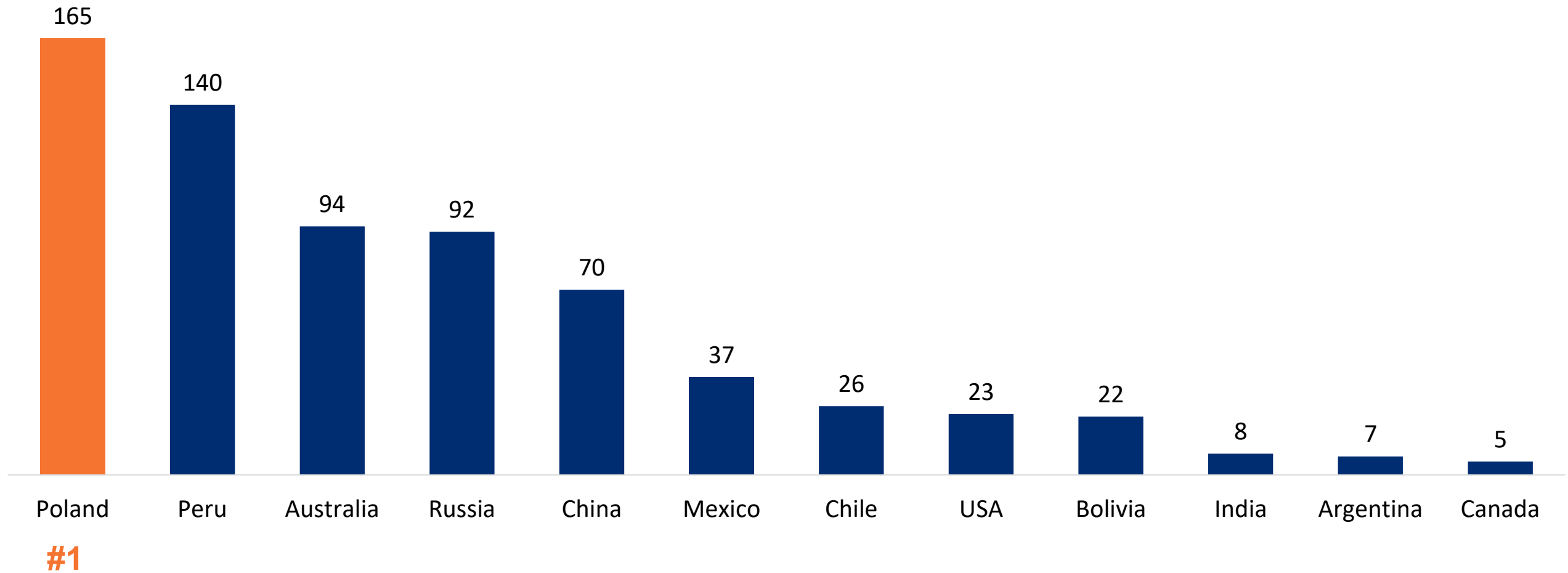
COPPER RESOURCE ENDOWMENT (MT)



Where Does Poland Rank In Silver?



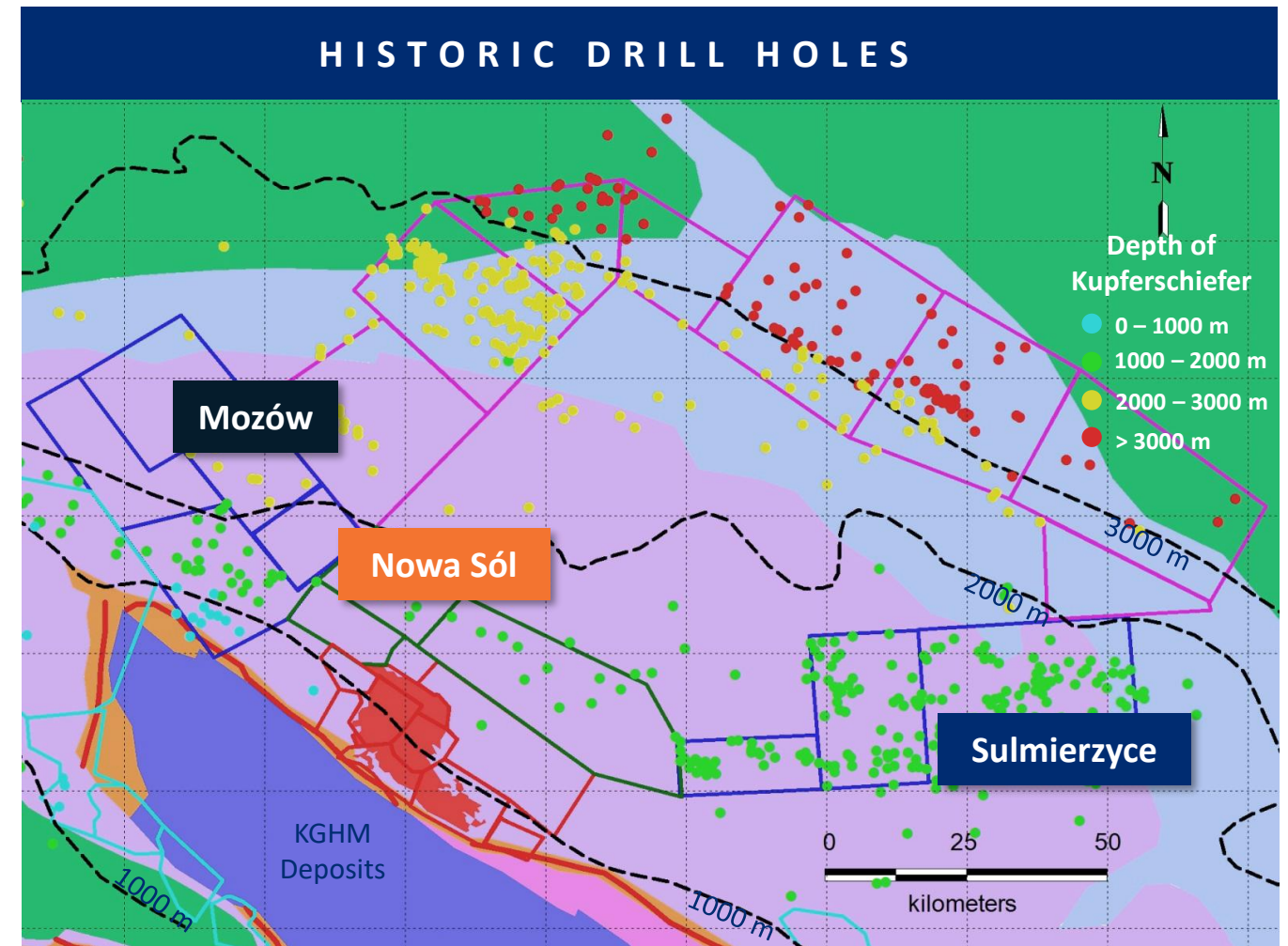
SILVER RESOURCE ENDOWMENT (KT)



History Of Exploration Success In Poland



- Mapping of mineral zonality and the distribution of facies over the northern and eastern Fore-Sudetic Monocline
- Extensive scientific analyses performed on historical drill core samples from the oil and gas industry over the entire area
- 9 target areas selected based on review and reassaying of 411 drill-holes
- Successful drilling campaign on company's current properties with 25 positive drill-holes out of 27 (93% success rate)
- Geological documentation received approval from the Polish Ministry of Environment (C1 Category)

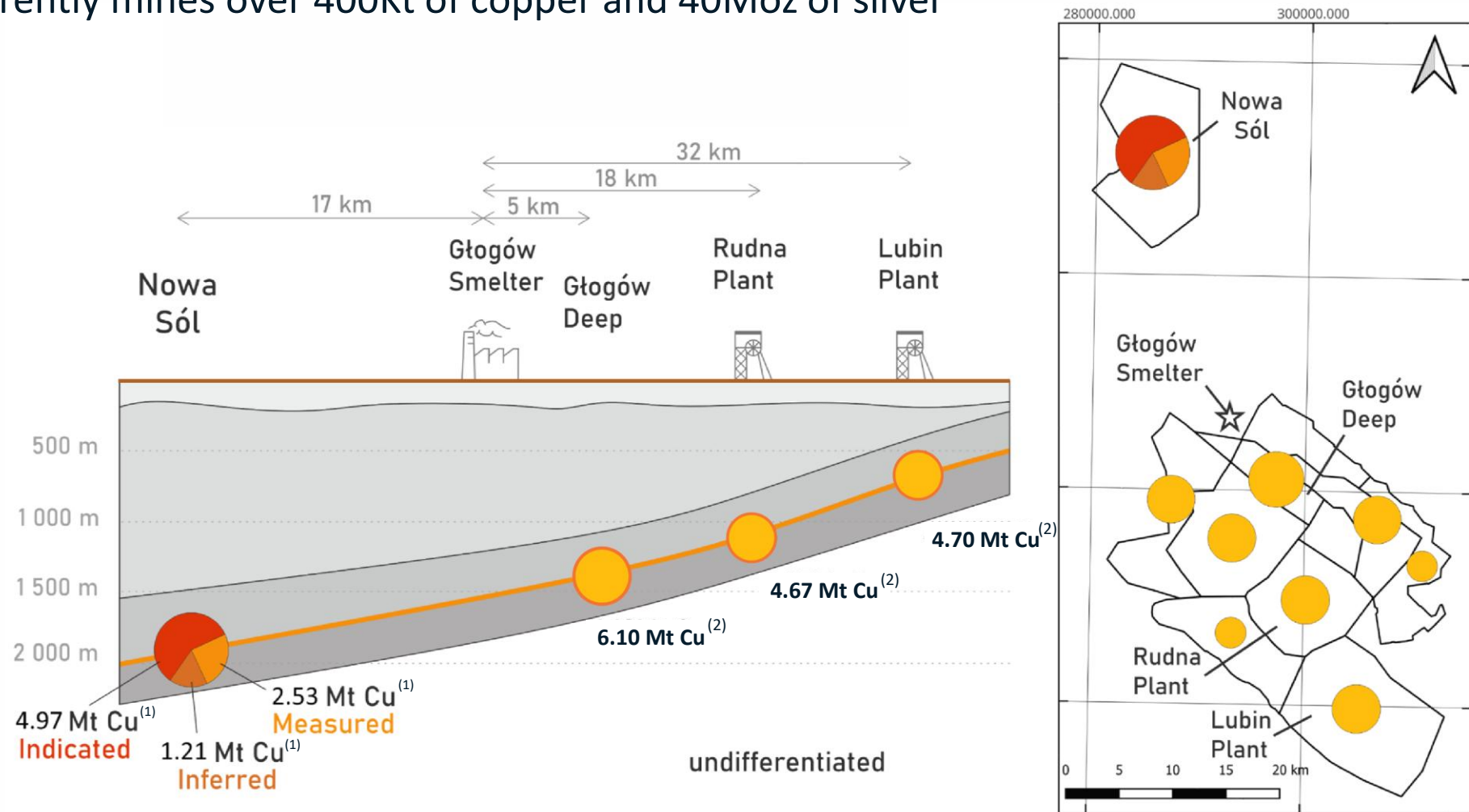


Existing Polish Copper Belt



COPPER RESOURCES (MT)

- Poland currently mines over 400Kt of copper and 40Moz of silver



Source: KGHM Polska Miedź S.A. Group for December 2024, Polish Geological Institute

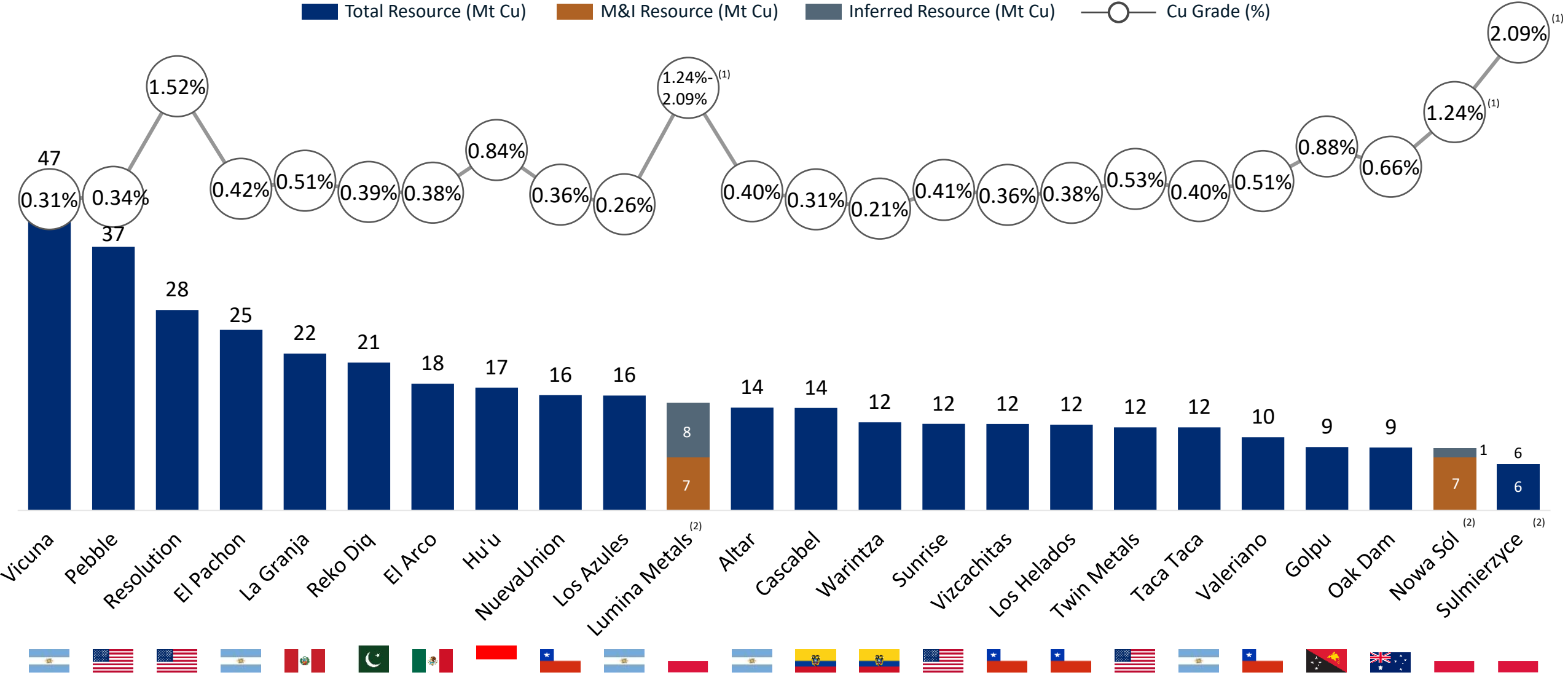
(1) Detailed breakdown of Mineral Resources and relevant assumptions are available on page 29 – 30

(2) <https://kgm.com/en/our-business/mining-and-enrichment>

Nowa Sól: Among the Largest Copper Projects Globally



GLOBAL COPPER DEVELOPMENT PROJECTS



Source: Capital IQ, Prospectus

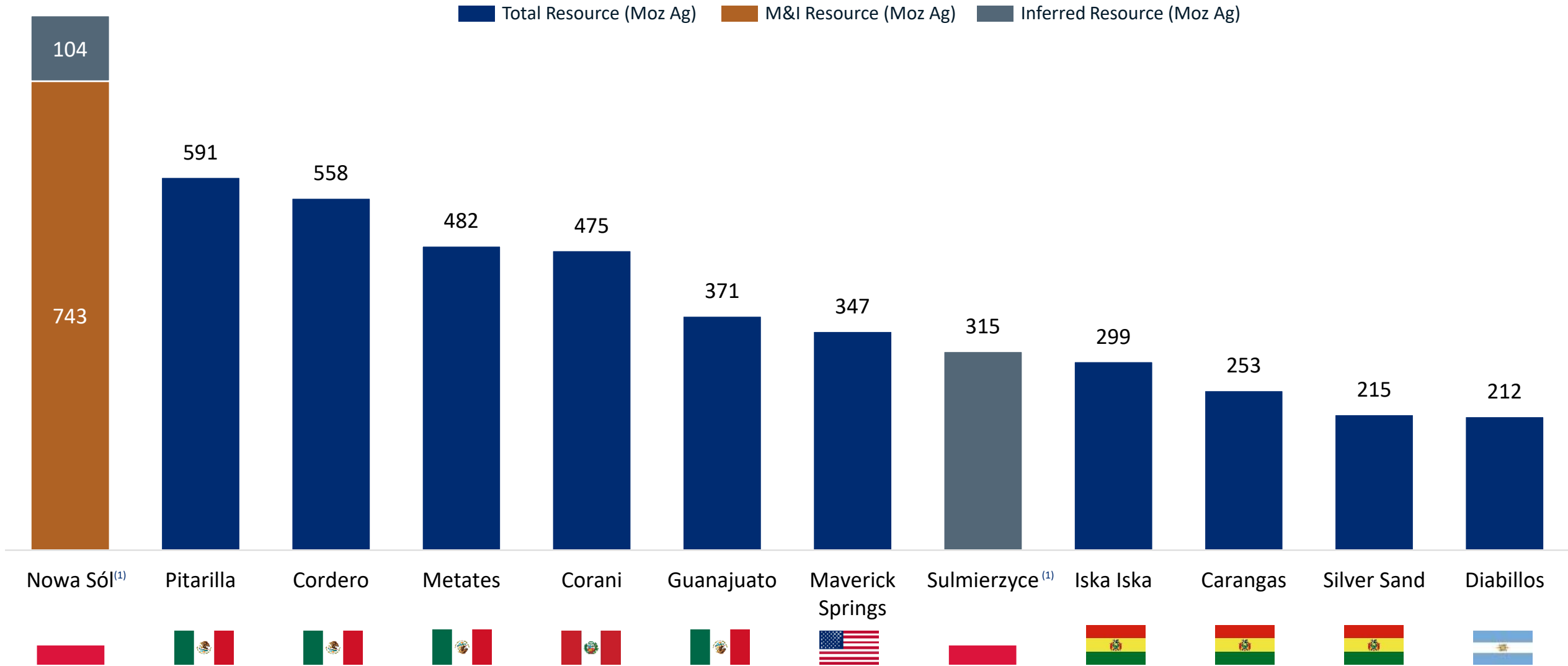
(1) Grade on M&I Resource Only

(2) Detailed breakdown of Mineral Resources and relevant assumptions are available on page 29 - 30; Difference in the summation of Inferred Resources due to rounding

Nowa Sól: Among the Largest Silver Projects Globally



GLOBAL SILVER DEVELOPMENT PROJECTS



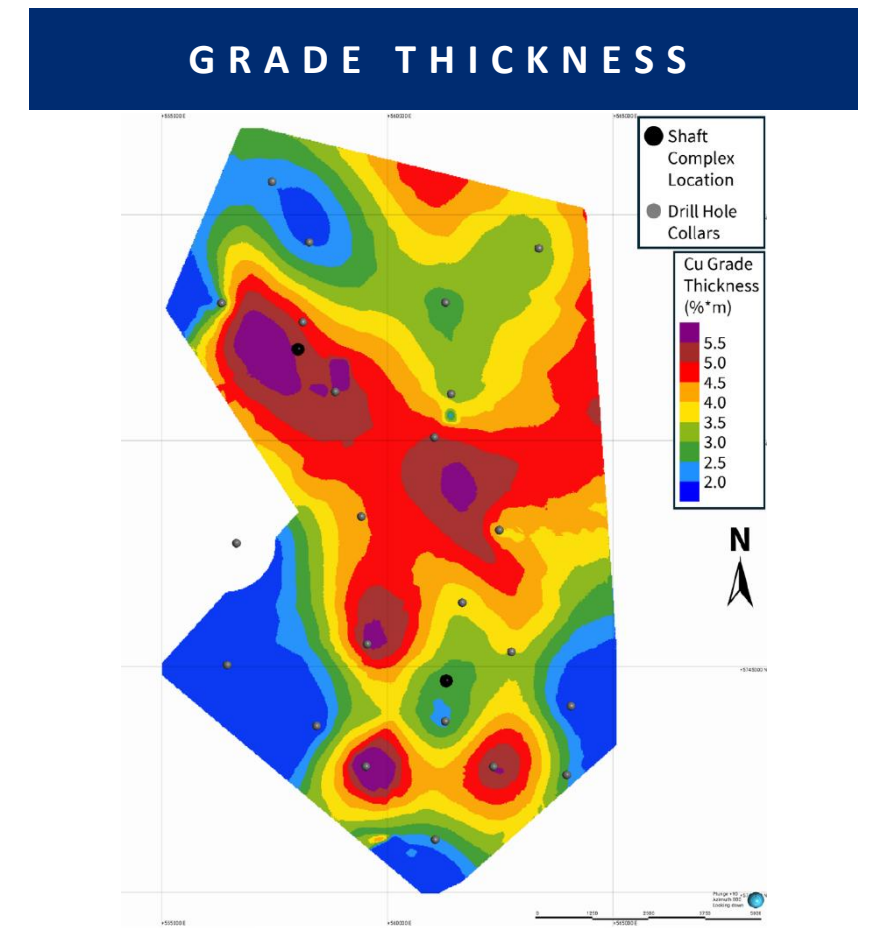
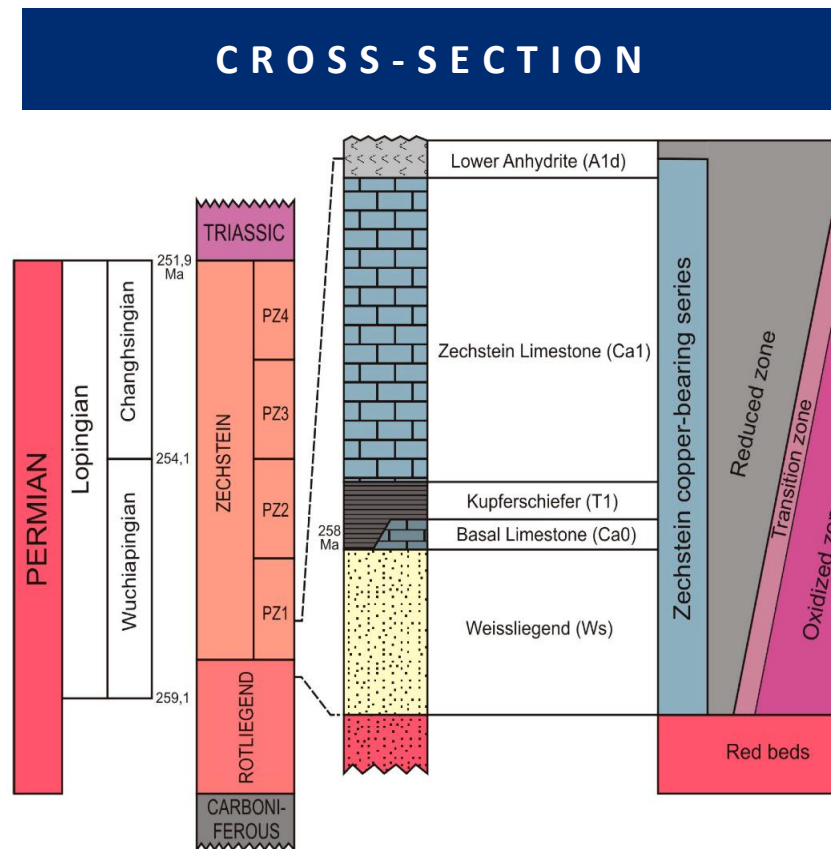
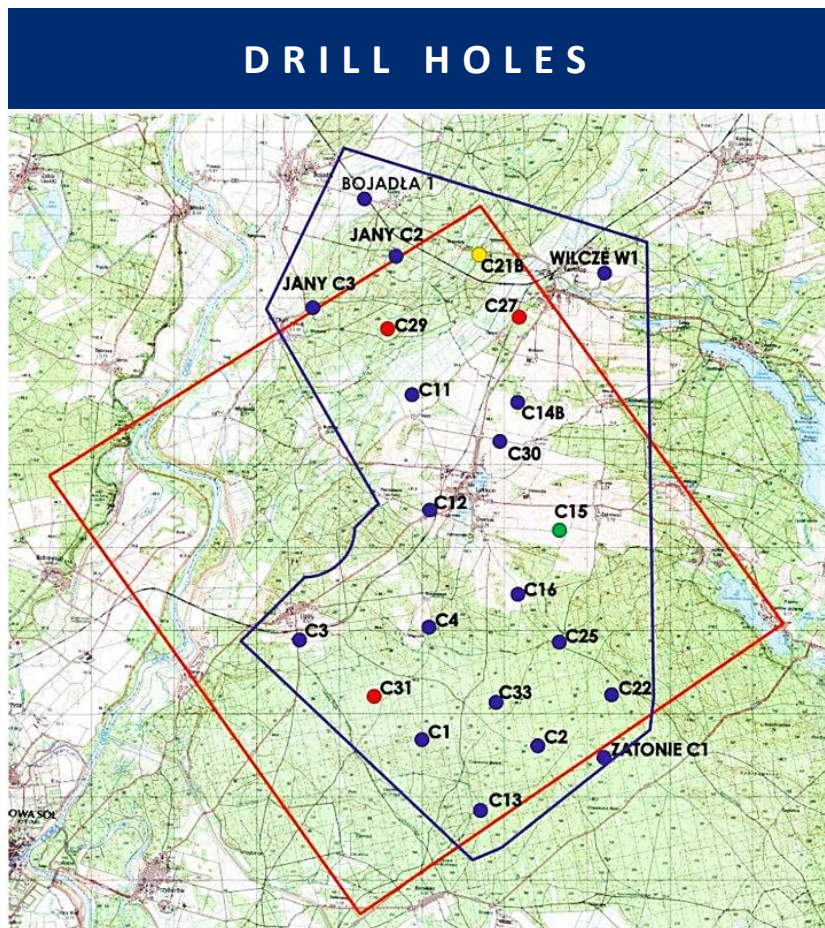
Source: Capital IQ, Prospectus

(1) Detailed breakdown of Mineral Resources and relevant assumptions are available on page 29 - 30

Nowa Sól: High-Grade



- Northwest extension of the Lubin–Sieroszowice deposit in the KGHM mining district
- Forms a flat lying seam (Kupferschiefer) averaging 3 meters in thickness with an average depth of 1,950 meters
- Deposit surface area of 120km²; 23 out of 26 Lumina drill-holes hit mineralization with ~51,000m drilled



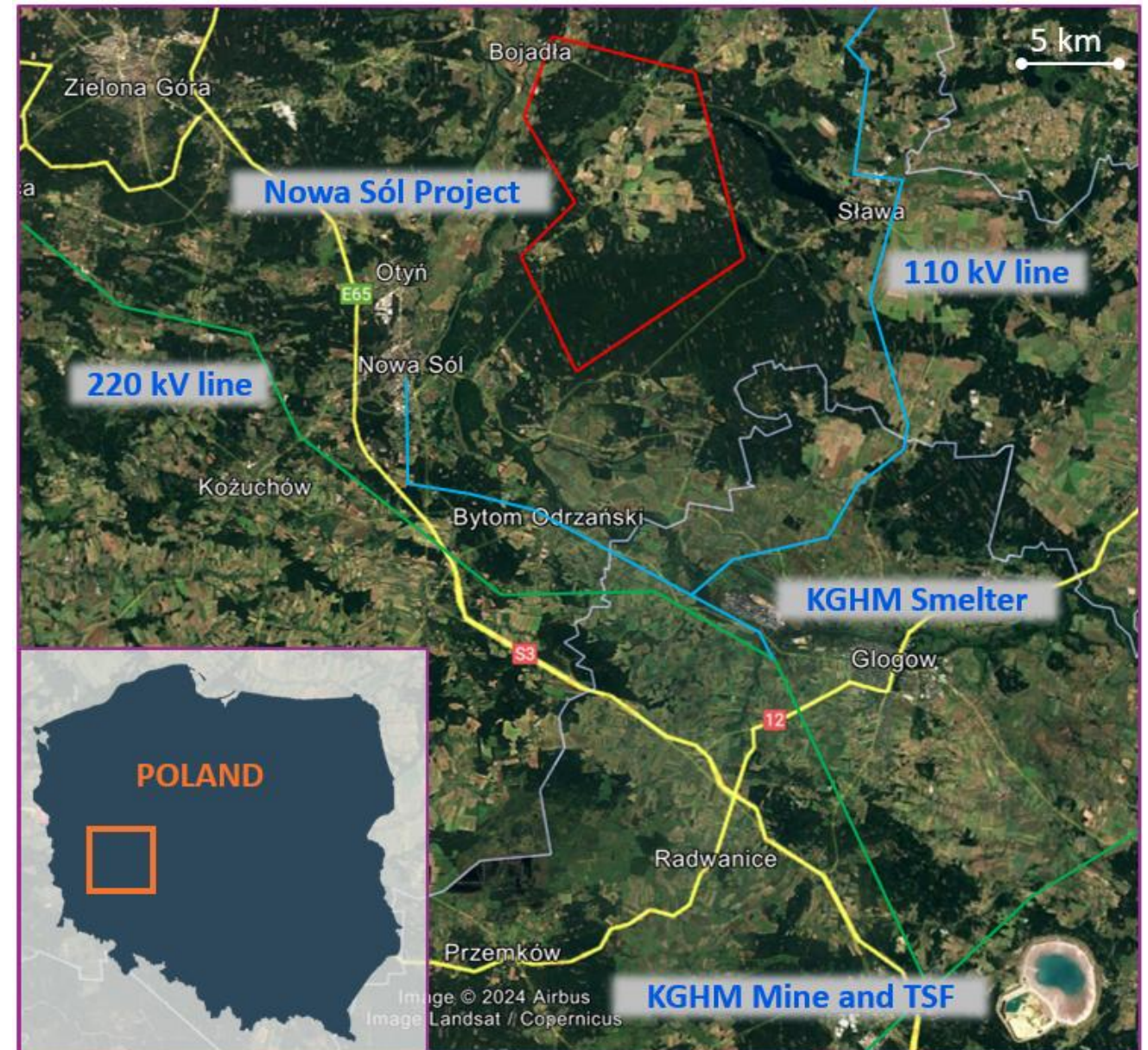
Nowa Sól: Excellent Location



PROJECT RESOURCES ⁽¹⁾		
	Measured & Indicated	Inferred
Mineral Resource	604Mt	112Mt
Cu Grade	1.24%	1.08%
Cu Contained	7.5Mt	1.2Mt
Ag Grade	38.3g/t	28.9g/t
Ag Contained	743Moz	104Moz

LOCAL INFRASTRUCTURE

- **Road Access** — Accessible by public highways
- **Power** — 220kV and 110kV lines and substations nearby
- **Rail** — Major railroad adjacent to the west of the property
- **Smelter** — KGHM's Głogów smelter 25km southeast
- **Labour** — Skilled workforce in major cities in the region



Nowa Sól: Strong Economics



PROJECT ATTRIBUTES

District Scale, Long-Life,
Underground, Distinct Copper-Silver
Revenue Mix

2 Independent
Mining Operations:
North and South Complex

Excellent Access to Infrastructure:
Power, Rail, Highways, Ports, and
Smelters

Lower Half on Cost Curve and
Attractive Capital Intensity

2026 PEA HIGHLIGHTS CONSOLIDATED ⁽¹⁾

Copper Production

290Kt Cu **390Kt CuEq⁽²⁾**
(Yr 1-10 Avg) (Yr 1-10 Avg)

Silver Production

28Moz Ag
(Yr 1-10 Avg)

Mine Life

20+ Years

By-Product AISC⁽³⁾

US\$1.17/lb
(Yr 1-10 Avg)



Pre-Tax⁽²⁾
NPV_{7%}

US\$8.3B

Post-Tax⁽²⁾
NPV_{7%}

US\$1.6B

Annual EBITDA⁽³⁾

US\$2.5B
(Yr 1-10 Avg)

Capital Intensity⁽³⁾

(US\$6,405M pre-production capex)

US\$16,416/t CuEq^(1,2)
(Yr 1-10 Avg)

Pre-Tax⁽²⁾
IRR

20.5%

Post-Tax⁽²⁾
IRR

10.8%

Source: NI 43-101 Technical Report


(1) The results of the PEA are preliminary in nature. The analyses are derived, in part, from inferred mineral resources that are considered too speculative to have the economic considerations applied to them that would enable them to be categorized as mineral reserves, and there is no certainty that the PEA will be realized. Detailed breakdown of Mineral Resources and relevant assumptions are available on page 29 - 30

(2) Calculated using metal prices of US\$4.75/lb Cu and US\$37.50/oz Ag. CuEq was calculated using the formula $(Cu\% \times 2204.62 \times Curec \times Cuprice) + (Agppm \times 0.032 \times Agrec \times Agprice) / 2204.62 \times Curec \times Cuprice$. Where % = Cu grade, ppm = Ag grade, rec = recovery, price = price.

(3) Non-GAAP financial measures (please refer to page 2)

Nowa Sól: Strong Economics (\$90/oz Ag, \$6/lb Cu)



2026 PEA HIGHLIGHTS CONSOLIDATED ⁽¹⁾		
<p>Copper Production</p> <p>290Kt Cu 480Kt CuEq⁽²⁾ (Yr 1-10 Avg) (Yr 1-10 Avg)</p>	<p>Silver Production</p> <p>28Moz Ag (Yr 1-10 Avg)</p>	<p>Mine Life</p> <p>20+ Years</p>
<p>By-Product AISC⁽³⁾</p> <p>US\$(1.12)/lb (Yr 1-10 Avg)</p>		<p>Pre-Tax⁽²⁾ NPV_{7%} Post-Tax⁽²⁾ NPV_{7%}</p> <p>US\$22.4B US\$9.3B</p>
<p>Annual EBITDA⁽³⁾</p> <p>US\$4.8B (Yr 1-10 Avg)</p>	<p>Capital Intensity⁽³⁾ (US\$6,405M pre-production capex)</p> <p>US\$13,340/t CuEq^(1,2) (Yr 1-10 Avg)</p>	<p>Pre-Tax⁽²⁾ IRR Post-Tax⁽²⁾ IRR</p> <p>31.9% 21.8%</p>

Source: NI 43-101 Technical Report

(1) The results of the PEA are preliminary in nature. The analyses are derived, in part, from inferred mineral resources that are considered too speculative to have the economic considerations applied to them that would enable them to be categorized as mineral reserves, and there is no certainty that the PEA will be realized. Detailed breakdown of Mineral Resources and relevant assumptions are available on page 29 - 30

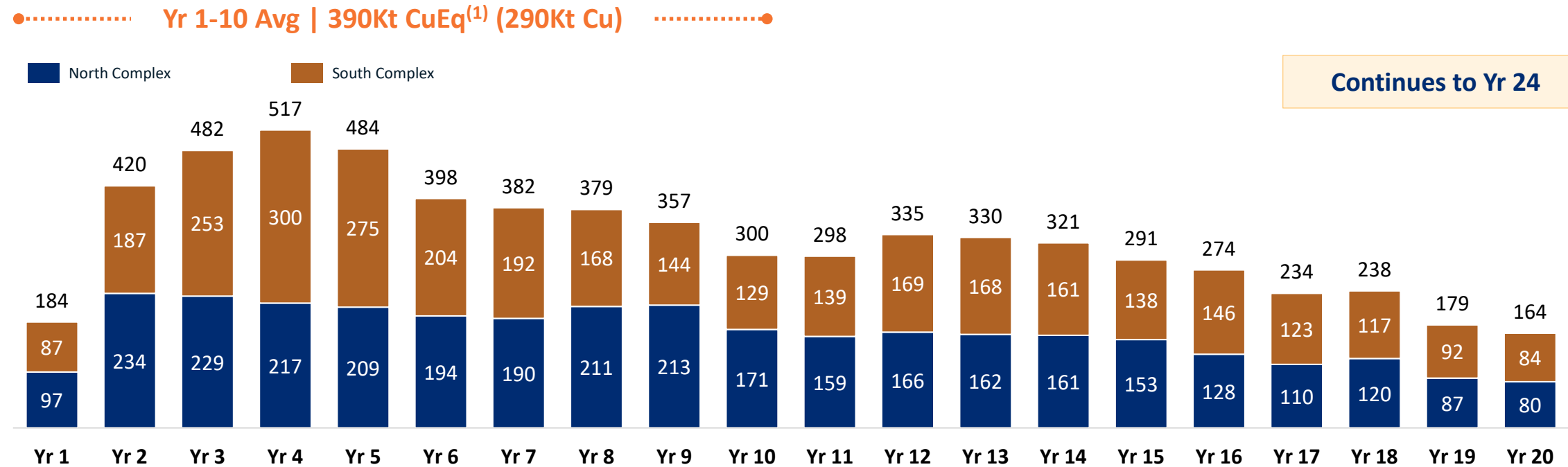
(2) Calculated using metal prices of US\$6.00/lb Cu and US\$90.00/oz Ag. CuEq was calculated using the formula $(Cu\% \times 2204.62 \times Curec \times Cuprice) + (Agppm \times 0.032 \times Agrec \times Agprice) / 2204.62 \times Curec \times Cuprice$. Where % = Cu grade, ppm = Ag grade, rec = recovery, price = price.

(3) Non-GAAP financial measures (please refer to page 2)

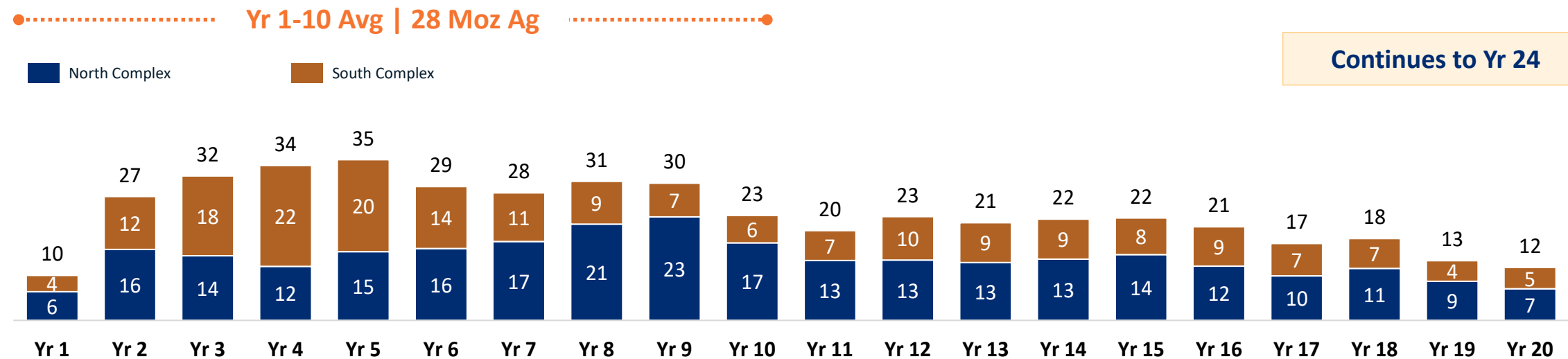
Nowa Sól: Large-Scale



FORECASTED COPPER EQUIVALENT PRODUCTION (KT CUEQ)⁽¹⁾



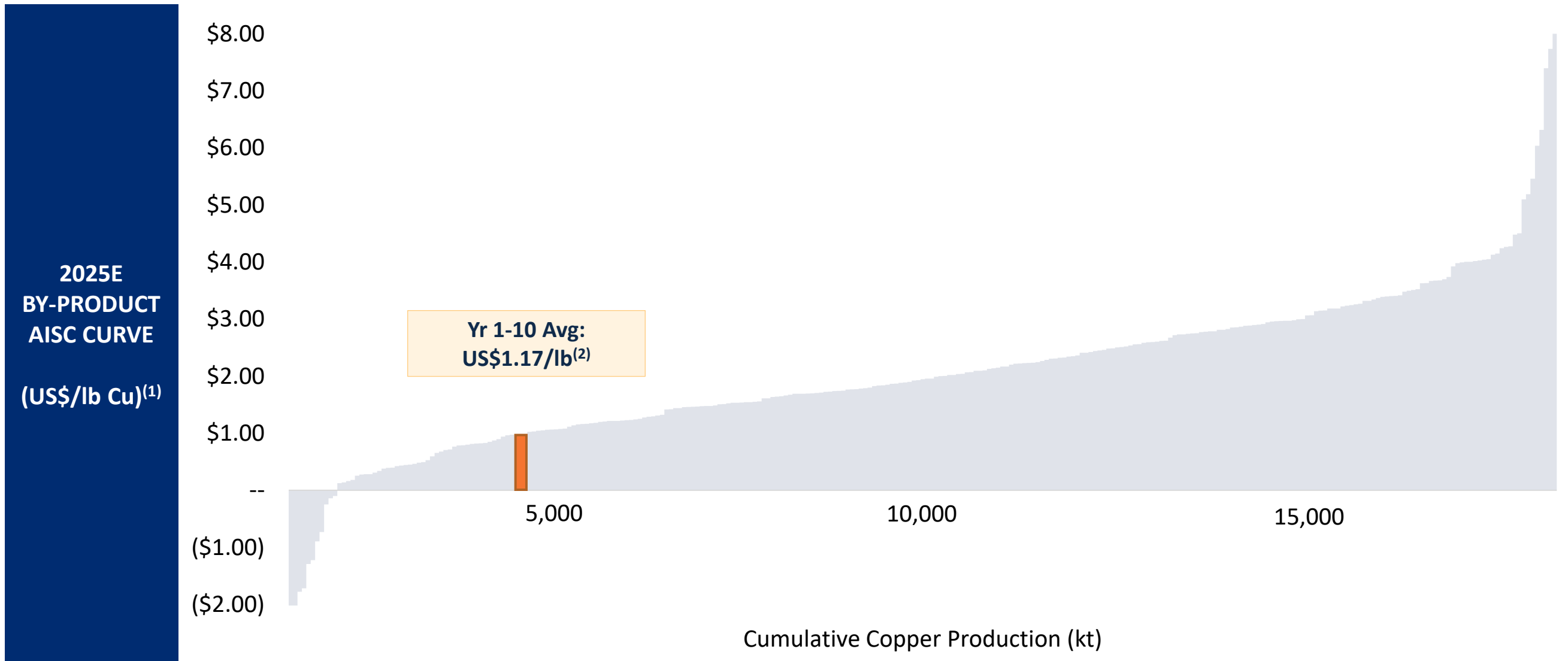
FORECASTED SILVER PRODUCTION (MOZ)



Source: NI 43-101 Technical Report

(1) Calculated using metal prices of US\$4.75/lb Cu and US\$37.50/oz Ag. CuEq was calculated using the formula $(Cu\% \times 2204.62 \times Curec \times Cuprice) + (Agppm \times 0.032 \times Agrec \times Agprice) / 2204.62 \times Curec \times Cuprice$. Where % = Cu grade, ppm = Ag grade, rec = recovery, price = price. Detailed breakdown of Mineral Resources and relevant assumptions are available on page 29 - 30

Nowa Sól: Low-Cost



Source: Capital IQ, NI 43-101 Technical Report

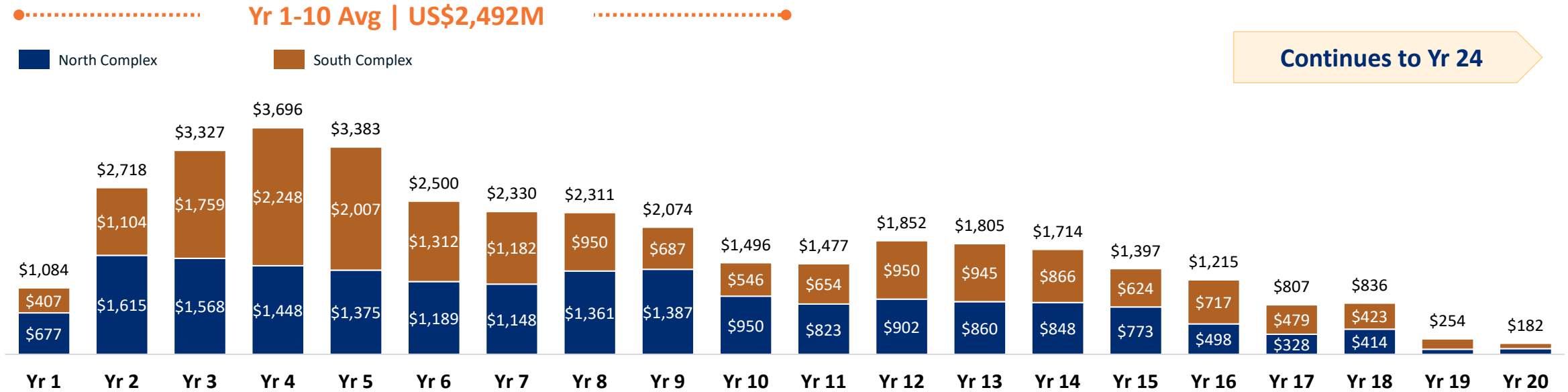
(1) Non-GAAP financial measures (please refer to page 2)

(2) Calculated using metal prices of US\$4.75/lb Cu and US\$37.50/oz Ag

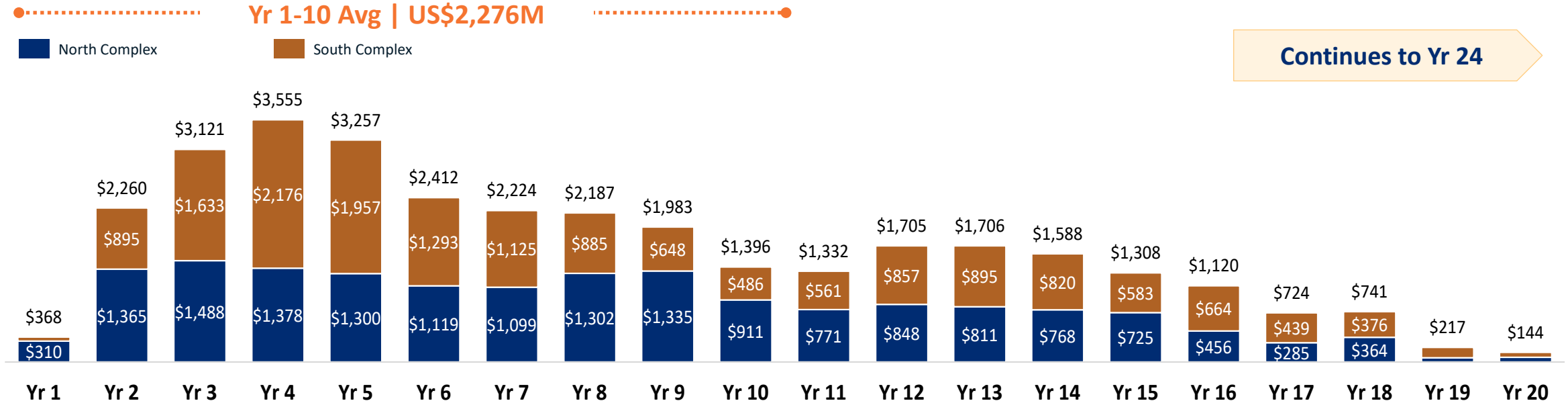
Nowa Sól: Significant EBITDA & FCF Generation



FORECASTED EBITDA (US\$M)⁽¹⁾



FORECASTED PRE-TAX FCF (US\$M)⁽¹⁾



Source: NI 43-101 Technical Report
 (1) Non-GAAP financial measures (please refer to page 2)

Nowa Sól: Pre-Production Capital Cost Breakdown



North Shaft Complex - Capital Cost (US\$M)

Mining	\$2,148
Surface Infrastructure	\$83
Process Plant & Infrastructure	\$249
Backfill / Paste Plant	\$64
Owner's Costs	\$15
Contingency	\$636

North Shaft Complex - Total (US\$M) \$3,196

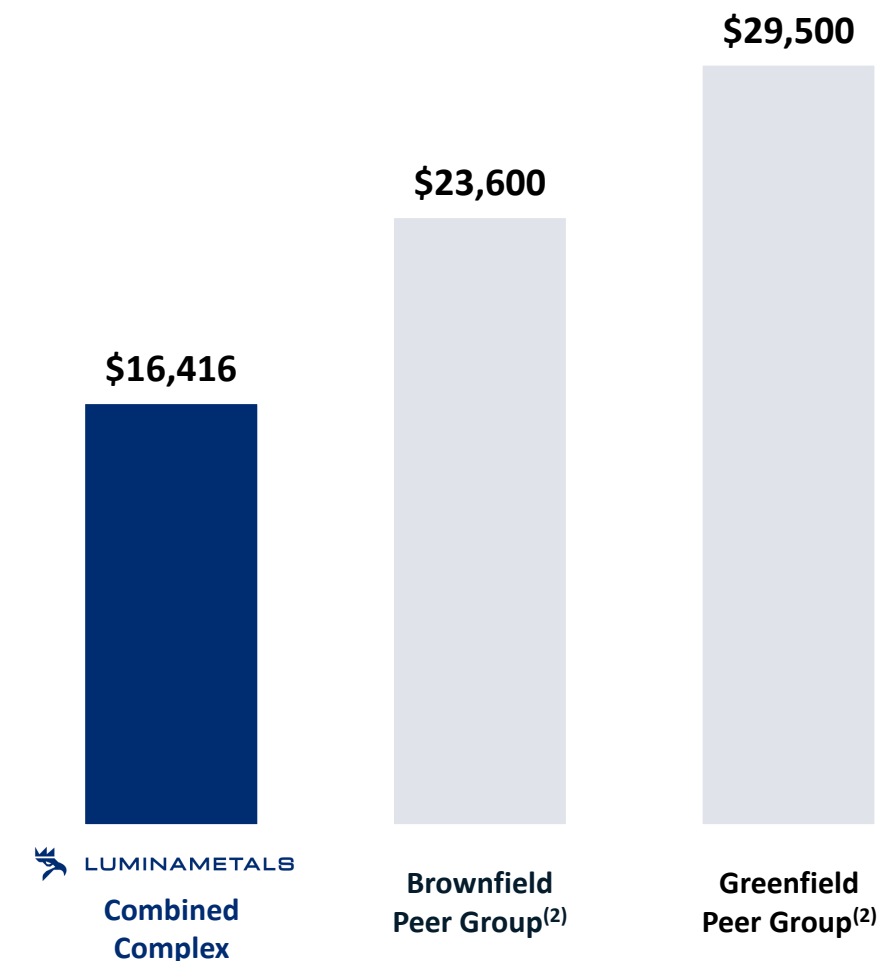
South Shaft Complex - Capital Cost (US\$M)

Mining	\$2,160
Surface Infrastructure	\$82
Process Plant & Infrastructure	\$249
Backfill / Paste Plant	\$64
Owner's Costs	\$15
Contingency	\$639

South Shaft Complex - Total (US\$M) \$3,210

Total Pre-Production Capital Cost (US\$M) \$6,405

CAPITAL INTENSITY (US\$/T CUEQ)⁽¹⁾



Source: NI 43-101 Technical Report

(1) Non-GAAP financial measures (please refer to page 2)

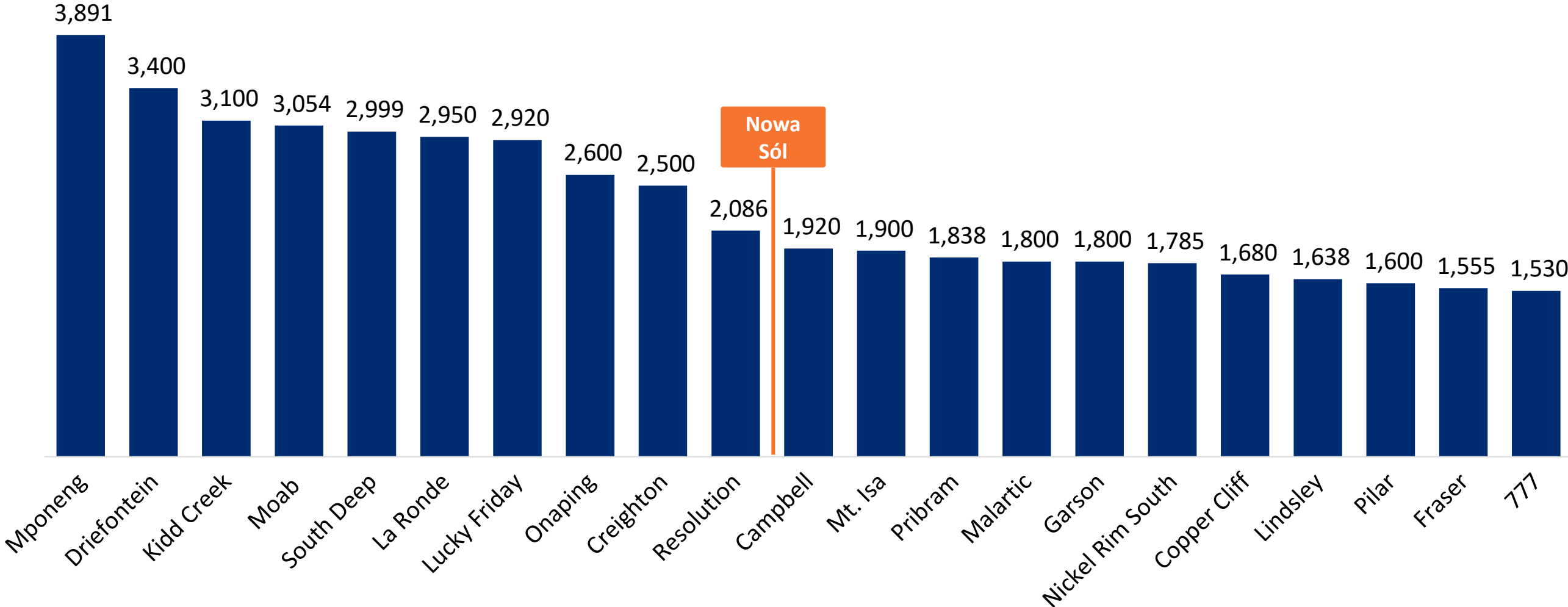
(2) Brownfield and Greenfield Peer Groups based on Glencore plc's November 2025 Capital Markets Day Presentation: <https://www.glencore.com/.rest/api/v1/documents/static/232063d8-4ece-45a6-ac43-5c19c32e920a/GLEN+-+2025+CMD.pdf>

Underground Mining Is Well Established Globally

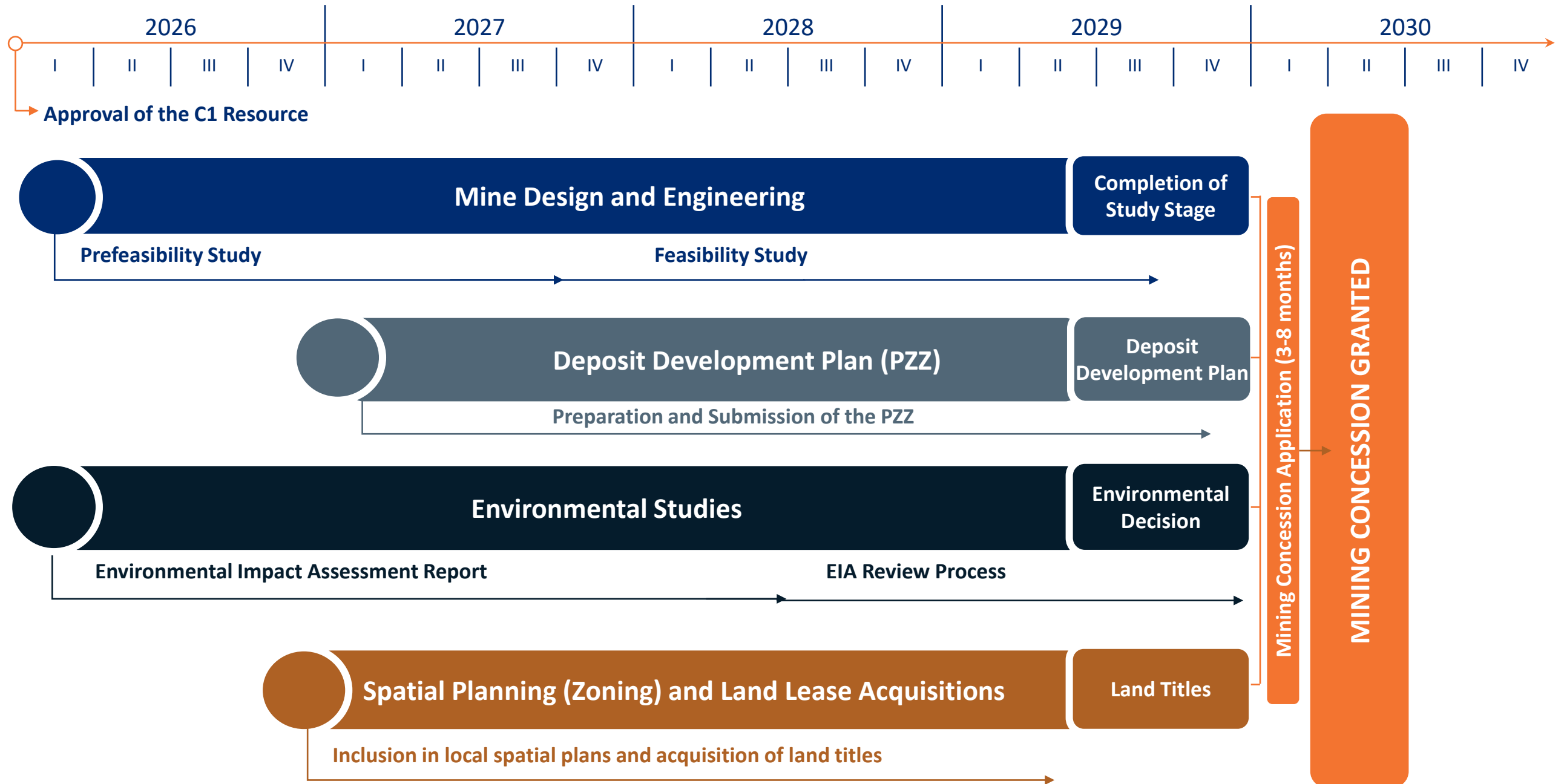


EXISTING MINES BELOW 1,500 METERS DEPTH

- Technical feasibility of mining at depth is proven globally; Economics are driven by operating costs



Well-Defined Permitting Process In Poland



Sulmierzyce Project: Focused On Resource Growth



SULMIERZYCE PROJECT

- Sulmierzyce Project located ~150km from Nowa Sól Project
- Inferred resource of 308Mt at 2.09% Cu and 31.9 g/t Ag
- Depth of 1,688-2,091m
- Potential spinoff in 2027 positioned as a new resource growth focused company

NI 43-101 RESOURCE ESTIMATE⁽¹⁾

SULMIERZYCE					
	Tonnage (Mt)	Cu (%)	Ag (g/t)	Cu (Mt)	Ag (Moz)
Inferred	308	2.09%	31.9	6.4	315




Source: See "Technical Information" on Slide 2

(1) Detailed breakdown of Mineral Resources and relevant assumptions are available on page 29 - 30

Lumina Group: Proven 20 Year Track Record



Lumina Resources Corp
C\$26M (2006)
Acquired by Western Copper




Casino Project — Canada

Regalito Copper Corp
US\$137M (2006)
Acquired by Pan Pacific Copper



Regalito Project (Now Caserones Mine) — Chile

Northern Peru Copper
C\$455M (2007)
Acquired by China Minmetals/Jiangxi Copper



Galeno Project — Peru

Global Copper Corp.
C\$415M (2008)
Acquired by Teck



Relincho Project (Now NuevaUnion Mega-Project) — Chile

Lumina Royalty Corp
US\$66M (2011)
Acquired by Franco Nevada



Portfolio of Royalties

Lumina Copper Corp
C\$470M (2014)
Acquired by First Quantum



Taca Taca Project — Argentina

Luminex Resources
Merged With Adventus Mining (2024)



Condor & Pegasus Projects — Ecuador

Anfield Gold
\$436M Merger
Creating Equinox Gold



Coringa & Mayaniquel Projects — Brazil & Guatemala

Lumina Gold Corp
US\$420M (2025)
Acquired by CMOC



Cangrejos Project — Ecuador

Management and Directors



MANAGEMENT

Jordan Pandoff

Chief Executive Officer & Director

- 15+ years of experience in the mining industry
- Former Senior Executive at Glencore
- Served as Director and Chairman of BaseCore Metals



Peter Portka

Chief Financial Officer

- Extensive experience in senior finance & corp. development roles in the mining sector
- Former CFO at Cordoba Minerals and NorZinc Ltd., VP of Finance at Quintana Resources
- Holds professional designations as a Chartered Financial Analyst and a CPA, CA



Lyle Braaten

Senior VP, Legal & Director

- 35+ years of experience in the mining industry as a lawyer
- Founding Director of Ero Copper
- Served as Director for Lumina Gold, Luminex Resources & Anfield Gold



Krzysztof Napierała

VP, Corporate Development

- 15+ years of experience in the mining industry
- Led projects across the lifecycle in Europe and America
- Held senior role at KGHM Group



Olaf Meijer

VP, Project Development

- 30+ years of experience in the mining industry
- Former Senior General Manager of Anglo American's Amandelbult Complex
- Held senior roles at Glencore



DIRECTORS

Ross Beaty

Chairman

- 50+ years of experience in the mining and renewable energy industries
- Founder and former Chairman of Pan American Silver
- Founder and current Chairman of Equinox Gold



Marshall Koval

Director

- 45+ years of experience in the mining industry
- Served as a Director of Lumina Gold and Equinox Gold
- Held senior roles at Adventus Mining, Lumina Copper & Northern Peru Copper



John Wright

Director

- Founder, former Director, President & COO of Pan American Silver
- Former Director of Lumina Copper, Northern Peru Copper & Regalito Copper
- Began his career working at the Trail Smelter operations at Teck Cominco



Donald Shumka

Director

- Former Director for several former Lumina Group companies, including Lumina Gold, Luminex Resources and Regalito Copper
- Holds an MBA from Harvard University



Patricia Kajda

Director

- 20+ years of experience advising public companies on financial reporting & governance
- Currently leads MNP LLP's public companies group, supporting issuers with audit and reporting oversight



Capitalization and Shareholder Overview

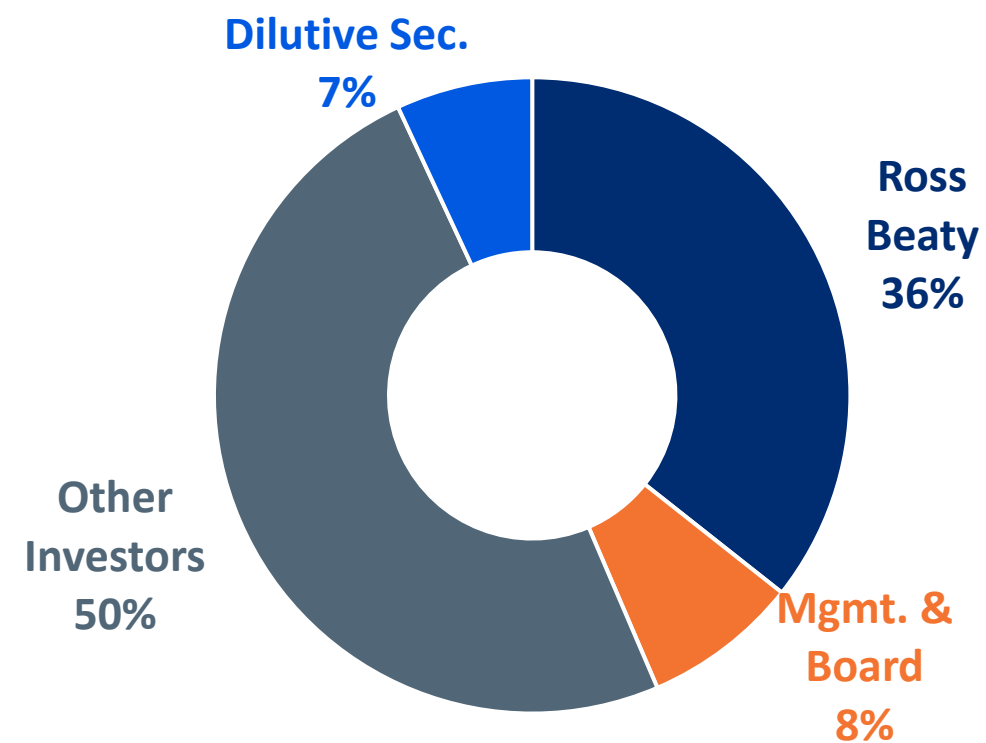


CAPITALIZATION & RESEARCH SUMMARY

	<i>Units</i>	<i>Current</i>
Basic Shares Outstanding	M	109.0
Options	M	7.2
RSUs	M	0.7
FD Shares Outstanding	M	117.0
Share Price (26-Jun)	C\$	C\$10.40
FD Market Capitalization	US\$M	US\$857M
Less: Current Cash	US\$M	US\$242M
Enterprise Value	US\$M	US\$615M

	<i>Analyst</i>	<i>Target Price</i>
Canaccord	Dalton Baretto	C\$21.50 (Buy)
RBC	Sam Crittenden	C\$20 (Outperform)
National Bank	Andrew Dusome	C\$20 (Outperform)
Morgan Stanley	Carlos De Alba	C\$18 (Overweight)
CIBC	Anita Soni	C\$18 (Outperform)
BMO	Rene Cartier	C\$17 (Outperform)
Trigon	Michał Kozak	C\$16 (Buy)

OWNERSHIP (%)



Top Shareholders	% FD
Ross Beaty	35.7%
Capital World	3.5%
Lundin Family	3.0%
Eric Sprott	2.9%

Source: Public filings and management estimates as of May 10, 2026. Ownership shown on a fully diluted basis (115.5M shares).

(1) Based on 107.8M basic shares outstanding, excludes over-allotment

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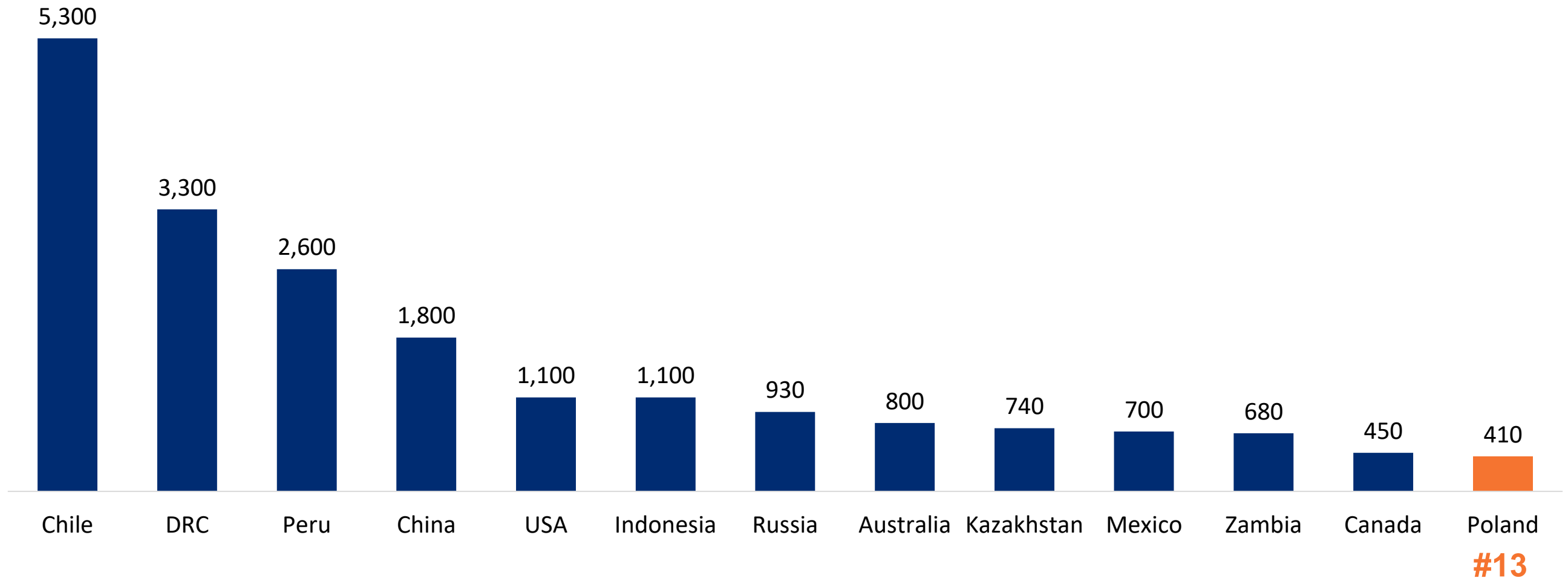
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Where Does Poland Rank Based On Copper Production?



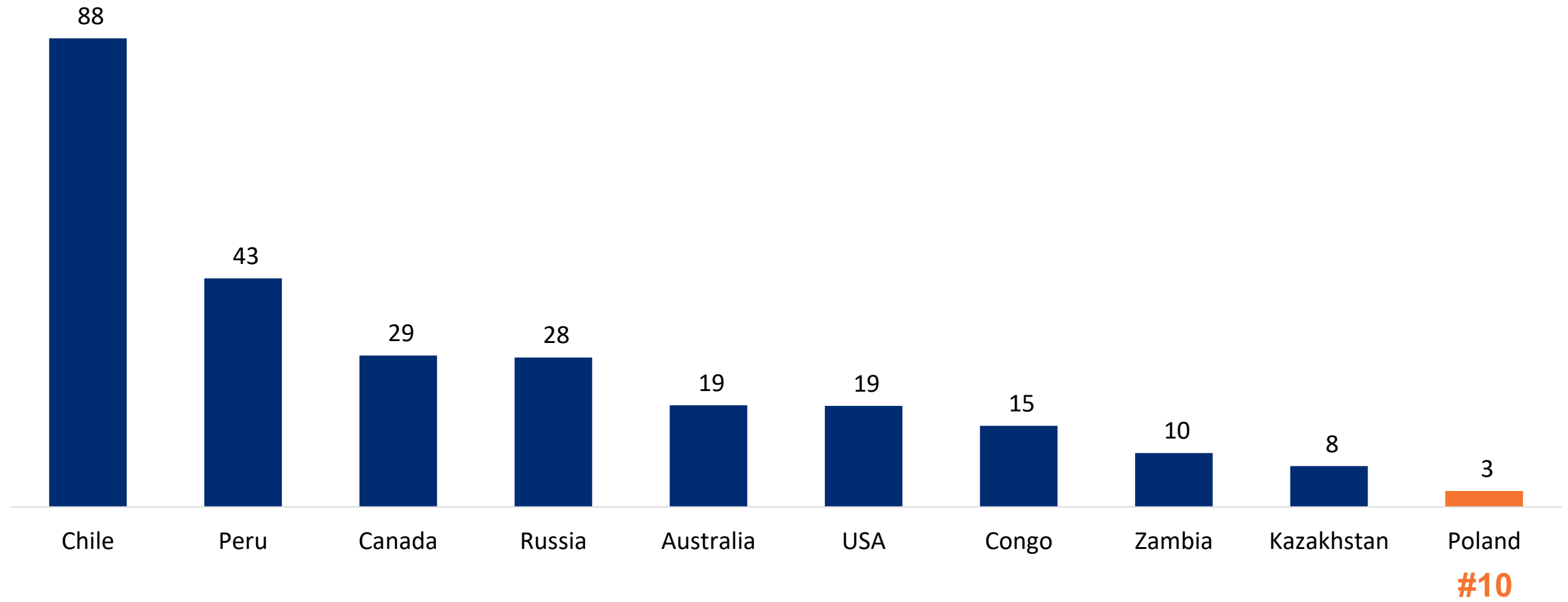
ANNUAL COPPER MINE PRODUCTION (KT)



How Much Capital Has Been Invested Since 2015?



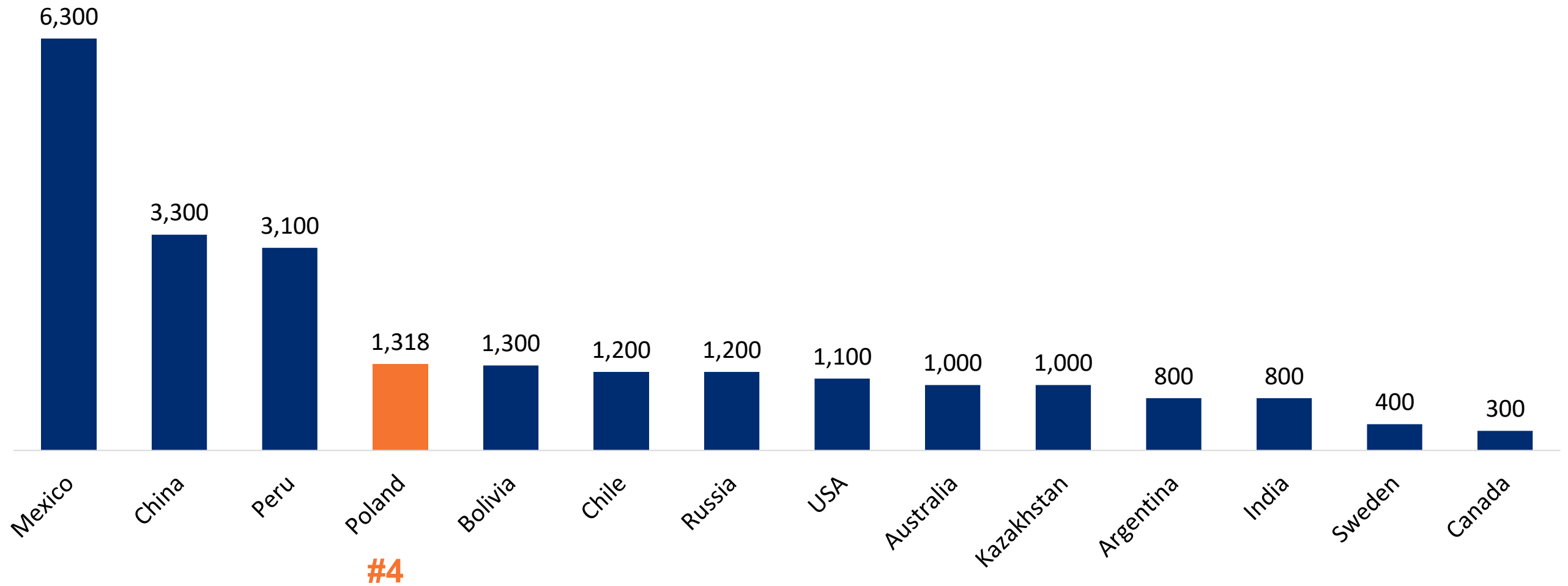
CUMULATIVE COPPER MINING CAPITAL EXPENDITURE 2015-2024 (\$BN)



Where Does Poland Rank Based On Silver Production?



ANNUAL SILVER MINE PRODUCTION (T)



Mineral Resource Estimates



NOWA SÓL — MINERAL RESOURCE STATEMENT, EFFECTIVE DATE JANUARY 9, 2026

Resource Category	Tonnage (kt)	Grade					Contained			
		Cu (%)	Ag (g/t)	Pb (%)	Zn (%)	CuEq (%)	Cu (kt)	Ag (Moz)	Pb (kt)	Zn (kt)
Measured	183,991	1.37	34.53	0.03	0.00	1.75	2,526.8	204.2	59.4	6.9
Indicated	419,943	1.18	39.93	0.18	0.07	1.62	4,972.1	539.2	760.8	302.4
Measured & Indicated	603,934	1.24	38.29	0.14	0.05	1.67	7,498.9	743.4	820.2	309.4
Inferred	111,855	1.08	28.91	0.25	0.09	1.40	1,206.7	104.0	284.6	99.5

Notes:

- The MRE has been prepared in accordance with NI 43-101 with an effective date of January 9, 2026. Mrs. Liz de Klerk, Pr.Sci.Nat., QMR and Dr. Ryan Langdon, Ph.D, CGeol, of Micon are the QPs responsible for the MRE.
- Cueq was calculated using the formula $(Cu\% \times 2204.62 \times Curec \times Cuprice) + (Agppm \times 0.032 \times Agrec \times Agprice) / 2204.62 \times Curec \times Cuprice$. Where % = Cu grade, ppm = Ag grade, rec = recovery, price = price.
- To RPEEE, mining envelopes used to identify spatially continuous mineralization within potentially mineable shapes using reasonable assumptions based on neighbouring operations and long-term price trends to calculate a pay limit copper grade. These include metal prices of US\$/lb 4.75 for Cu and process recoveries of 89%, payability of 96.5%, transport charges of US\$/wmt 10, treatment charges of US\$/t 50, and refining charges of US\$/t 0.05 for Cu. Operational expenditure costs (OPEX) were determined with reference to comparable operations with some deductions for efficiency savings. These include costs for mining of US\$/t 54.5, processing of US\$/t 8.5, and General and Administrative (G&A) of US\$/t 5.5.
- A target head grade was selected at 0.95% Cu to generate the mining envelopes and was based on the optimal cut-off grade to maximise a theoretical NPV.
- For the mining envelopes a minimum mining height of 1.8 m was used, with a room width of 6.0 m. No additional dilution from the footwall or hanging wall was applied.
- A mining loss factor of 15% was applied to the reported Mineral Resources inside the defined mining envelopes. This adjustment accounts for material that is proven to exist geologically, but cannot be physically recovered in the actual mining operation and therefore does not have RPEEE.
- Diluted tonnages and grades are reported based on the defined mining envelopes. Contained Pb and Zn inside these shapes with RPEEE were included in the Mineral Resources.
- Mineral Resources are not Mineral Reserves and have not demonstrated economic viability. There is no certainty that all or any part of the estimated Mineral Resources will be converted into Mineral Reserves.
- Grade interpolation was by Ordinary Kriging (OK) with a block size of 20 m (X) by 20 m (Y) by 0.6 m (Z). A stratigraphic transform was applied to the data to restore the original continuity, and interpolation was performed in this space before back transforming to real-world space.
- Density domains were modelled, and median density values were assigned: low density 2.25 t/m³, medium density 2.53 t/m³, high density 2.76 t/m³, and very high density 2.93 t/m³.
- The MRE was classified in accordance with NI 43-101 (CIM, 2014). Mineral Resources were classified as Measured, Indicated, and Inferred. Blocks where the nearest drill hole was >1,600 m were classified as Inferred, Measured blocks were classified as being <1,200 m to the nearest drill hole where the drill holes had been drilled on a regular spaced grid, all other blocks were classified as Indicated.
- The totals presented in this table reported from the Mineral Resource models, are subject to rounding, and may not total exactly.

Mineral Resource Estimates (Cont'd)



SULMIERZYCE — MINERAL RESOURCE STATEMENT, EFFECTIVE DATE FEBRUARY 2, 2026

Resource Category	Tonnage (kt)	Grade					Contained			
		Cu (%)	Ag (g/t)	Pb (%)	Zn (%)	CuEq (%)	Cu (kt)	Ag (Moz)	Pb (kt)	Zn (kt)
Measured	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
Indicated	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
Measured & Indicated	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
Inferred	307,803	2.09	31.85	0.25	0.38	2.48	6,428	315	764	1,155

Notes:

- The Mineral Resource Estimate has been prepared in accordance with National Instrument 43-101 (NI 43-101) Standards of Disclosure for Mineral Projects with an effective date of February 2, 2026. Mrs. Liz de Klerk, M.Sc., Pr.Sci.Nat., FIMMM and Dr. Ryan Langdon, PhD, MCSM, MEarthSci, CGeol, FGS of Micon are the QPs responsible for the MRE.
- To demonstrate RPEEE, mining envelopes used to identify spatially continuous mineralization within potentially mineable shapes using reasonable assumptions based on neighbouring operations and long-term price trends to calculate a pay limit copper equivalent grade. These include metal prices of US\$/lb 4.75 for Cu and 37.5 US\$/oz for Ag, process recoveries for Cu of 86 % and Ag of 92%, payability of 96.5%, transport charges of US\$/wmt 10, treatment charges of US\$/t 50, and refining charges of US\$/t 0.05 for Cu. Operational expenditure costs (OPEX) were determined with reference to comparable operations with some deductions for efficiency savings. These include costs for mining of US\$/t 54.5, processing of US\$/t 8.5, and General and Administrative (G&A) of US\$/t 5.5.
- Cueq was calculated using the formula $(Cu\% \times 2204.62 \times Curec \times Cuprice) + (Agppm \times 0.032 \times Agrec \times Agprice) / 2204.62 \times Curec \times Cuprice$. Where Cu % = Cu grade, Ag ppm = Ag grade, rec = recovery, price = price.
- A target head grade was selected at 1.05% Cueq to generate the mining envelopes and was based on the optimal cut-off grade to maximise a theoretical NPV.
- For the mining envelopes a minimum mining height of 1.8 m was used, with a room width of 6.0 m. No additional dilution from the footwall or hanging wall was applied.
- A mining loss factor of 15% was applied to the reported Mineral Resources inside the defined mining envelopes. This adjustment accounts for material that is proven to exist geologically, but cannot be physically recovered in the actual mining operation and therefore does not have RPEEE.
- Diluted tonnages and grades are reported based on the defined mining envelopes. Contained Pb and Zn inside these shapes with RPEEE were included in the Mineral Resources as there is evidence from neighbouring KGHM operations that they could be recovered.
- Mineral Resources are not Mineral Reserves and have not demonstrated economic viability. There is no certainty that all or any part of the estimated Mineral Resources will be converted into Mineral Reserves.
- Density domains were modelled, and median density values were assigned: low density 2.22 t/m³, medium density 2.39 t/m³, high density 2.61 t/m³, and very high density 2.93 t/m³.
- Grade interpolation was by global Ordinary Kriging (OK) with a block size of 20 m (X) by 20 m (Y) by 0.3 m (Z). A stratigraphic transform was applied to the data to restore the original continuity, and interpolation was performed in this space before back transforming to real-world space.
- The MRE was classified in accordance with National Instrument 43-101 (NI 43-101) Standards of Disclosure for Mineral Projects (CIM, 2014). Mineral Resources were classified as Inferred. Blocks were limited to 3,000 m from drill hole data to the south, east and west, and 1,500 m to the north.
- The totals presented in this table reported from the Mineral Resource models, are subject to rounding, and may not total exactly.



Thank You

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